

Name _____

(____ /50)

Vocabulary

1 Complete the travel activities with a verb from the box.

(____ /6)

book exchange ~~get~~ pack stay hire catch

1. _____ get _____ a passport
2. _____ a suitcase
3. _____ in a hotel
4. _____ a guide
5. _____ money
6. _____ a flight
7. _____ a train



2 Complete the sentences with one of the expressions in the box.

(____ /5)

There is one extra expression that you do not need to use.

1. Wake up early to get ready and leave on time.
2. You should drink water before you _____.
3. You should arrive at 6 p.m. Text me as soon as you _____!
4. We have to _____ at 5 a.m. to take the first train.
5. New York is so big that it's easy to _____.
6. It is normal to _____ between meals.

get there	get ready
get hungry	get up
get lost	get thirsty
get started	



Grammar

1 Put the verb in brackets in the correct form of the Present Perfect tense.

(____ /6)

1. The airplane has landed safely. (*land*)
2. _____ he _____ anything to drink? (*have*)
3. I _____ my passport. What should I do? (*lose*)
4. _____ you _____ to Canada? (*be*)
5. You _____ any photographs. (*not take*)
6. _____ you ever _____ in another country? (*studied*)
7. She _____ her passport recently. (*get*)

2 Make sentences using the Present Perfect tense with *already* or *yet*.

(____ /7)

1. I have / breakfast / already.
I have already had breakfast.
2. She / not come back / from her holiday / yet.

3. I / see / that film / already.

4. they / be / to London / yet?

5. Megan and John / visit / the museum / already.

6. you / try / that dish / yet?

7. we / not meet / the / new / teacher / yet.

8. I / pay / with / my / credit card / already.

3 Write questions using *ever* and the Present Perfect tense.

(____ /5)

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. <u>Have you ever been to Egypt?</u>
Yes, I have. I went to Egypt a few years ago. | 4. _____
Yes, we have. We hired a guide in a museum in Mexico City and he was great. |
| 2. _____
Yes, it has. The school gave five scholarships to study in Quebec. | 5. _____
Yes, I have. I booked a flight on the Internet last month and got a very good price. |
| 3. _____
Yes, I have. I exchanged money at the airport when I went to Barbados. | 6. _____
Yes, I have. I had a bad travel experience when I lost my passport in New York. |

Listening and Reading

1  Listen and underline the mistakes in the text. Write the correct words at the end of each paragraph.

(____ /5)

Dos and Don'ts of Packing

Don't pack the basics. Don't take perfume and deodorant with you. Buy these items once you get to your host city. Of course you'll need your toothpaste and maybe the deodorant, but be smart and use big sizes.

1. shampoo 2. _____

Do bring comfortable shoes. If you only bring one pair of shoes with you, go for the most expensive pair!

3. _____

Don't let your passport, ticket, credit and debit cards, some cash and your new address leave your person at any time. The worst thing that could happen is to arrive and find out your baggage didn't make it and you have no way of getting to your new school. Buy a travel wallet and secure your important clothes in a pocket inside your bag. Never let them out of your sight. 4. _____ 5. _____

Do bring a few small gifts from home, especially if you're staying with a host family. They'll be delighted to receive something from your home city and will return the favour before you leave.

6. _____



2 Read and answer T (True) or F (False).

(____ /6)

Travel Boom

In the last years, the number of young tourists has grown more than any other group and backpackers may finally be getting some respect, at least from an economic point of view. According to a recent study, young people are travelling more, staying away for longer periods of time and spending more money. They now represent 20 percent of international tourism, making the group an important economic force. The research shows that the nature of youth travel has changed enormously in the past decade and it is clear that young people now see travel as an integral part of their future.

A few highlights from the research:

- More young people than ever before are traveling to gain work, educational and cultural experiences, than those travelling for holiday only.

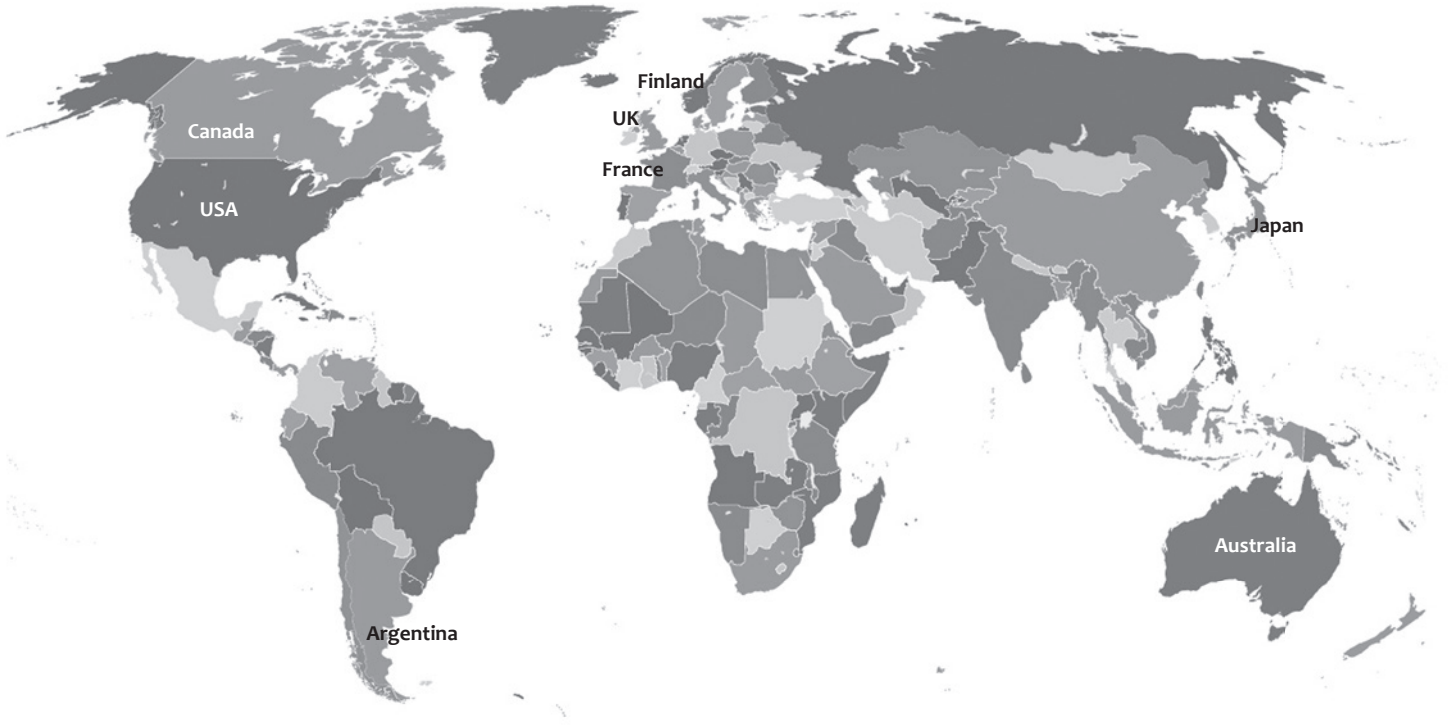
- According to the report, 22 percent of young travellers want to learn a language, 15 percent want to gain work experience, and 15 percent travel to study.
- Young travellers are spending longer periods of time abroad. Trips of over 60 days have increased over the last five years.
- There has been a significant increase in travellers identifying themselves as 'flashpackers,' or backpackers who travel with laptops, smart phones and other high-tech gadgets.
- Hostels have become the most popular form of accommodation; they are now adapting to modern young travellers.
- The places that young people are travelling to are changing; they are spending less time in big cities and are exploring more remote destinations than before.

- | | |
|--|-------|
| 1. Young people are travelling more than other people. | F |
| 2. When young people travel, they spend less money now than in the past. | _____ |
| 3. Twenty percent of tourists around the world are young people. | _____ |
| 4. More young people travel for educational reasons than on holiday. | _____ |
| 5. Young people usually stay abroad for periods of 60 days or less. | _____ |
| 6. Young people make use of technology when travelling. | _____ |
| 7. Big cities are the favourite destination of young people. | _____ |

Speaking and Writing

(___ /10)

1 In pairs, talk about cities you have visited in your country or abroad.



2 Write a short text (100–120 words) about places you have visited, some travel activities you have done or good experiences you have had. Organise your text into paragraphs.
